

HOW SHE MADE HER LIVING

I am not well satisfied with myself for my interest in Mollie Jenks. In the first place, she is but 17; I am 30. In the second place, she hadn't a cent in the world, being dependent upon her aunt, Miss Amelia Southworth. In the third place, I have a notion that she is a trifle too smart. Miss Southworth has a little income which will die with her. I wonder if Mollie isn't trying to get all she can of it into her own possession against the day of her aunt's demise. Lastly, it is to my interest as a clergyman that I shall marry, and my congregation are looking for me to take a suitable helpmeet. I shudder at the thought of announcing an engagement to them to a child like Mollie.

Miss Southworth is a native of England, where old ladies don't think it a sin to play cards for money. She insists that bridge is but a poor game without a small stake, and on sitting down to the game I found myself in a position either to offend her or do what is with us in America an unclerical act—play for a tenth of a cent a point. Being expected to play with one of the oldest and most respected members of my congregation, I yielded.

One evening Miss Southworth, Mollie and I were playing bridge. Mollie held a succession of good hands and was scoring points. Indeed, her luck ran so steadily that if the circumstances were otherwise I should have looked for trickery. Miss Southworth was beginning to get irritable. She had lost 67 cents, and there was no change of luck in sight. Mollie said it was uninteresting to play in a one sided game, but went on winning. Presently Miss Southworth, while Mollie was dealing, said to her fiercely:

"Go upstairs!" Mollie turned red as a beet, rose from the table and without a word left the room. Her aunt sat fanning herself angrily. I waited developments. They came in time.

"Did you see what she was doing?" she asked me. "No." "Cheating." "Good gracious!" "Only 17, and she can find a pack of cards to put a good hand wherever she likes."

"But what was her object? She was having splendid hands." "H'm! She dealt them to herself." I settled up my score, paying 34 cents, and bade my hostess good evening.

"You won't say anything about this?" she said. "Certainly not." Nor was I likely to tell that I had been playing cards for money and one of the players had cheated. For the next week or two I lived in dread lest the matter should leak out. I suffered in another way. Somewhere down in my heart there was a disappointment.

One day I met Mollie on the street. If the act wouldn't have been noticeable I should have crossed before meeting her. She spoke to me smilingly and said: "Auntie is waiting for you to come in again and play bridge."

"H'm!" I stammered. "Who is to take the other hands?" "I am the only one unless some one happens in."

"Have you and your aunt made up that?" "Oh, yes. She has forgiven me." "H'm! You have forgiven yourself?" She looked up at me with an innocent expression that would have gone to my heart except for the sin. "There's nothing to forgive."

"Didn't you deal yourself good hands?" "Not intentionally. They came to me by luck. But you know auntie can't stand to lose. When she does she gets ruffled and can't sleep. When she caught me I was dealing her a splendid no trump hand and she would have had everything her own way."

"I see. What evening would your aunt like to have me call?" "Any evening; we're always at home."

"Very well. I'll be there to-night." It's a dangerous thing for a man to think evil of a woman who attracts him and then find that he has been mistaken. Not only a great relief came to me, but there was something delightfully kind in little Mollie's trying to cheat her aunt into a night's slumber. Somehow I couldn't forget it. I was on my way to my study to write my next Sunday's sermon, but when I sat down to work my pen would write nothing but "Mollie."

I have done it. Mollie is to be my wife. I don't know how my congregation will like the match, but if they don't I fancy I can get another church. It will not be necessary for her to earn a living by dealing an old woman good hands at cards.—EDMOND GOSWELL

SOMEWHAT AMBIGUOUS.

Prisoner was Released When He Pointed to the Placard.

There was much ado in the cabin of the excursion boat, Maid of the Water. A gentleman had leisurely entered the cabin. A placard to one side of the door occupied his attention for a moment. He allowed his gaze to wander about the room. Every chair was occupied—a few of them by men. Strolling carelessly up to the prettiest young woman in the room, he deliberately sat down in her lap. With the first shriek for help he rose, and was promptly seized by the men present.

In a few minutes the story spread throughout the boat. When the captain arrived, in response to summons, the room was crowded with excursionists.

"What do you mean, sir, by such conduct?" the captain thundered. "My dear fellow," the culprit returned coolly. "I was only following the rules for the conduct of passengers as laid down by the management."

"You-you"—the captain gasped. "Show me the rule made by this company which allows you the liberty you took."

"With pleasure. There is the placard bearing it, at the side of that door."

All turned their gaze in the direction indicated, as the captain read from the placard aloud: "The chairs in this cabin are for the ladies. Gentlemen must not make use of them until the ladies are seated."

The prisoner was released.—George Frederick Wilson.

What the Sandwich was for.

A stately old professor was approached by a young student one day in one of the Western colleges. Trying hard to keep back a smile, the young man asked:

"Professor, you say you are an expert at solving riddles, don't you?" "I claim that I am, my boy."

"Well, then, can you tell me why a man who has seen London on a foggy day and a man who has not seen London on a foggy day are like a ham sandwich?"

The professor studied for a long time, venturing several answers, which proved to be wrong. Finally, at his wit's end, he said:

"I give it up." "It's easy," said the other. "Give it up," repeated the professor.

"Why," was the reply, "one has seen the mist and the other has missed the scene. Ha, ha! Catch on?"

"Of course I do, you lunatic! But what has the sandwich to do with it?" After the youngster had recovered from a spell of laughter he chuckled:

"Oh, that's what you bite on."

Not in His Line.

A short time ago a young lady was troubled with a boil on her knee which grew so bad that she thought it necessary to call in a physician. She had formed a dislike for the family physician, so her father suggested several others, and finally said that he would call in the physician with the homeopathic case, who passed the house every day. They kept a sharp lookout for him, and when he came along he was called in. The young lady modestly showed him the disabled member. The little man looked at it and said: "Why, that's pretty bad."

"Well," she said, "what must I do?" "If I were you," he answered, "I would send for a physician. I am a piano tuner."

CAN'T HELP IT THEN.



"Why do the servants like to see him three sheets in the wind?" "Because he tips so much then."

None in Chicago.

A Berkeley, Cal., bookseller, anxious to fill an order for a liberal patron, wired to Chicago for a copy of "Seekers After God," by Cannon Farrar, and to his surprise and dismay received this reply: "No seekers after God in Chicago or New York. Try Philadelphia."

Knew How to Raise Them.

"How did you contrive to cultivate such a beautiful black eye?" asked Brown. "Oh!" replied Fogg, who had been practicing upon the roller skates, "I raised it from a ship."

Appropriate Presents.

Mistress—Here, Bridget, are a pair of trousers for you. Scrubwoman—Thank ye, kindly, mum. Do ye happen to have a pair of corsets for me husband?

Of Interest to Women

Rag Doll Philanthropist Supports Widow and Sends Her Son to College—Secret of Success Lies in the Fact That Dolls Were Well Made and Had Pleasing Faces.

There are many dolls which are noted for their sweet dispositions and their willingness to sit still by the hour and do exactly as they are told. But these virtues are negative in their nature, and one would not expect a doll, no matter how amiable, to become an active philanthropist, and besides helping to support a family, to go so far as to send a young man through college. But that is just what one doll did.

She came into being a little before Christmas. It had been a difficult problem for a certain widow, whose name shall be Leighton, to provide enough Christmas gifts, and at the last, when only a week remained, she suddenly recollected that her niece Alice had been forgotten. She could afford to buy nothing more, so she determined to make something with her own hands, and in recollection of her own girlhood, decided that it should be a rag doll.

The proportions were exceedingly generous—more than two feet long, as large as a real baby. For material nothing was needed except some pine sawdust, easily procured from the mill, and some strong, new cotton cloth.

Patterns were first cut from the tough paper which hardware dealers use, and were tried and modified until they seemed right. The head and body were of one piece, and each limb was made separate.

When the patterns were satisfactory, the cloth was cut and sewed up, leaving openings for introducing the stuffing of sawdust, which was carefully sifted first.

Then the arms and legs, brought to a thin edge at the upper ends, were sewed on in such a way as to allow them to move freely.

The head was the greatest triumph. Mrs. Leighton could draw creditably. She procured some oil-paints, and gave Arabella's head a generous priming of white lead and oil. When this was dry, a second coat was laid on over it, and over that again a coat of flesh-color. On the back were painted ringlets of brown, and on the front a charming face, with rosy cheeks and wide blue eyes and a calm and placid smile.

Her profile may not have been all that could be desired. It is certain that she toed out, and that her fingers were merely divisions of a "blub" of cotton cloth, marked out by rows of stitching. Never mind. Properly dressed, she made her appearance at Alice's home on Christmas morning, and became at once the most important personage in the house.

Three days later a carriage stopped at Mrs. Leighton's door, and a well-dressed woman got out. She announced her errand at once:

"My little daughter has seen the doll you made for your niece, and is perfectly delighted with it. She can't talk of anything else. I called to see if you would be willing to make her one just like it. Could you afford to make one for five dollars? I would gladly pay that."

Yes, Mrs. Leighton could make one for that price, and would. But before she had finished it two other women had come with similar requests, and in the light of the first offer, Mrs. Leighton had courage to name five dollars as her price to them also. That was the beginning. Order after order came in, and then came a letter from a wealthy woman, who wished to make a contribution to a hospital fund, and wanted to know if Mrs. Leighton would undertake to make fifty of the dolls to be put on sale; and she offered the same price.

This commission decided the question as to whether or not the only son should go to college. He had decided to go to work, and the idea of being supported for four years by a rag doll did not please him. Finally however, his mother persuaded him that it was a duty which he owed both to himself and to her, and he went.

Advised by their friends, the rag dolls continued to sell until the young man had finished his college course, and the making of the dolls was no longer necessary.

What was the reason for the success of this simple industry? Rag dolls are as old as history, and there was nothing especially novel in Mrs. Leighton's Arabellas. The secret probably lies in the fact that these dolls were well made, and had pleasing faces, which could be washed, and were not easily marred, and which wore, moreover, the expression that little girls like.

Rules for Ironing.

Iron lace and embroidery on the wrong side only. Iron frills, lace, bands, sleeves and collars first.

Iron the main part last, being very careful not to crease the work already done.

Iron fine silks and muslin through a piece of cambric.

Iron handkerchiefs and serviettes whilst they are quite damp, finishing in the center.

Iron body linen on the right side only and table linen both sides, wrong side first.

Antiques are Popular.

Antiques in jewelry are appreciated by the present day fashionables.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale, on FRIDAY, OCT. 22, 1909, at 2 p. m.

All of defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property, viz:

All the following described piece of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Manchester, bounded and described as follows, to wit: BEGINNING at a stake and stones corner, being the south-west corner of a lot of land sold by A. Bennett, to R. Schneider; thence south seventy-three and one-half degrees west fifty rods to a stake and stones corner; south sixteen and one-half degrees east one hundred and fifty-nine rods to a stake and stone corner; thence north seventy-three and one-half degrees east fifty rods to a stake and stones corner; and north sixteen and one-half degrees west one hundred and fifty-nine rods to the place of beginning, containing fifty acres, be the same more or less. See Deed Book No. 97, at page 254. Upon the said premises are apple and other fruit trees and nearly all improved land.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James Van Order, at the suit of John Reynard. No. 9, June Term, 1908. Judgment, \$150. Lee, Attorney.

ALSO. All of defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property, viz:

All the following described piece of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Damascus, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a beech in the north line of the Edwin Shields lands; thence by Lot No. 91 south twelve and one-half degrees east ninety rods to a stake and stones corner; thence north seventy-seven and one-half degrees west one hundred and six rods to a corner; thence north twelve and one-half degrees west ninety rods to a corner; thence north seventy-seven and one-half degrees east one hundred and six rods to the place of beginning. CONTAINING sixty acres, be the same more or less. Upon the said premises is a frame house and barn, other out buildings, apple orchard and small fruits, and nearly all improved land.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Samuel H. Skinner at the suit of John Reynard. Deed Book 93, page 51. No. 32, March Term, 1909. Judgment, \$746.58. Lee, Attorney.

ALSO. All of defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property, viz:

All those two certain lots or parcels of land, situate and being in the Borough of Hawley, County of Wayne, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows. The first thereof BEGINNING at a point sixty feet from the northeast corner of twenty-fourth and Twenty-eighth streets in a southerly direction; thence northerly in a line parallel to Twenty-fourth street one hundred and twenty feet; thence south-easterly on a line parallel to Twenty-eighth street sixty feet; thence south-westerly on a line parallel to Twenty-fourth street to the north-eastern side of Twenty-eighth street one hundred and twenty feet; thence along said Twenty-eighth street in a north-westerly direction sixty feet to the place of beginning. CONTAINING seven thousand two hundred (7200) square feet of land. Being known on the map of the Pennsylvania Coal Company as lot fourteen (14) on Twenty-eighth street in said Borough of Hawley.

The second thereof BEGINNING at a point on the easterly side of Twenty-eighth street, one hundred and twenty feet from the south-east corner of Twenty-fourth and Twenty-eighth streets; thence easterly on a line parallel with said Twenty-fourth street one hundred and twenty feet; thence southerly on a line parallel with said Twenty-eighth street sixty feet; thence westerly on a line parallel with Twenty-fourth street aforesaid one hundred and twenty feet to the easterly line of Twenty-eighth street; thence northerly along the same sixty feet to the place of beginning. CONTAINING seven thousand two hundred square feet of land more or less. Being the same two pieces of land conveyed to Edward Sample and Sarah, his wife, by John Curran and Mary, his wife, by deed dated August 13, 1904, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 92, page 575. On said premises is a small frame dwelling house.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Edward Sample and Sarah A. Sample, at the suit of George H. Cook. No. 245, May Term, 1904. Judgment, \$177. A. T. Searle and V. A. Decker, Attorneys.

ALSO. All of defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property, viz:

All that lot of land situate in the village of White Mills, Texas township, Wayne county, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING in the middle of the public road leading from Honesdale to Hawley at the north-east corner of R. P. Smith's land; thence along the middle of the said public road south fifty-nine and one-half degrees east thirty-one and one-half feet; thence by other lands of Fred Ellison south thirty-six and three-quarter degrees west ninety feet to the berm bank of a stake; thence along said berm bank north thirty-one and one-half feet to a post; thence by land of R. P. Smith north thirty-six and three-quarter degrees east ninety feet to the place of beginning. The bearings of the lines are the angles the lines make with the true meridians. CONTAINING 2819 square feet. Be the same more or less. Being the same land which Minor Brown et ux. conveyed to Alvin J. Brown by deed dated the ninth day of May, 1905, and recorded in Wayne County, in Deed

Book, No. 93, at page 474.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Alvin J. Brown at the suit of Honesdale Realty Co. No. 18, March Term, 1909. Judgment, \$50. Salmon, Attorney.

ALSO. All of the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property, viz:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the township of Manchester, county of Wayne, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows:

BEGINNING at a stake and stones corner in the line of Jacob Kellam on the southwest bank of the Little Equinunk Creek; thence south 14 degrees east 24 rods to stones corner; thence south 71 and one-half degrees west 28 rods to stones corner; thence north 51 degrees west 42 rods to stones corner; thence north 25 and one-half degrees west 22 rods to stones corner; on the south west bank of the creek; thence the several courses and distances along the creek on the southwest bank to the place of beginning. CONTAINING 12 and one-eighth acres more or less. Being the same piece of land J. T. Barnes and Peter S. Barnes sold to James Jones (under the name of James Reaves) and being the same land which E. M. Spencer, Esq., Sheriff of Wayne county sold to W. W. Weston on the 28th day of April, 1876, as property of James Jones and recorded in Sheriff Deed Book No. 4, page 428, etc. Being the same lot sold to Wm. Tyler by deed February 1st, 1892, and recorded in the office for recording of deeds in and for Wayne county in Deed Book No. 71, page 166, etc. And being same land which Wm. Tyler conveyed to Mary Tyler by deed dated May 12th, 1902, and recorded in Wayne county in Deed Book No. 91, page 130, etc. Upon said land is 2-story frame house and frame barn and nearly all improved land.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Mary E. Tyler at the suit of Elijah Teeple, assigned to W. G. Hawley. No. 219, March Term, 1908. Judgment, \$144. Mumford, Attorney.

Take Notice.—All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged.

M. LEE BRAMAN, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Honesdale, Sept. 23, 1909.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the accountants herein named have settled their respective accounts in the office of the Register of Wills of Wayne County, Pa., and that the same will be presented at the Orphans' Court of said county for confirmation, at the Court House in Honesdale, on the fourth Monday of Oct. next—viz:

First and final account of S. B. Sergeant, acting executor of the estate of Mathew Clemo, Dyberry.

First and final account of Henry Wilson, administrator C. T. A. of the estate of Albert Whitmore, Honesdale.

First and final account of W. H. Bullock, executor of the estate of Mary Ballamy, Dyberry.

First and partial account of Wilhelm Smith, executrix of the estate of John H. Smith, Honesdale.

First and partial account of M. N. Robinson, executor of the estate of Franklin H. Robinson, Texas.

First and final account of Perry Gilpin, administrator of the estate of Catharine B. Gilpin, Sterling.

First and final account of Charles W. Schrader, administrator of the estate of Ocie Rust, Texas.

First and partial account of A. B. Hazlett and Jennie McDonnell, executors of the estate of Sarah H. Hazlett, Lake.

First and final account of Mrs. B. R. Haggerty, administratrix of the estate of Frederick Haggerty, Texas.

First and final account of Mary A. Mitchell, administratrix of the estate of David S. Mitchell, Berlin.

First and partial account of May M. Foster, now May M. Davies, testamentary guardian of George O. Foster, a minor child of Clarence E. Foster, Honesdale.

Final account of George D. Prentiss and George E. Moase, executors of his estate of Martin Prentiss, Mount Pleasant.

E. W. GAMMELL, Register. Register's Office, Honesdale, Sept. 28, 1909. 7813

JURORS FOR OCTOBER TERM.

GRAND JURORS. Berlin—Jacob Hiller. Buckingham—Andrew Guholz. Cannan—J. M. Edwards. Clinton—Edward Coggins. Cherry Ridge—John Forster. Damascus—W. J. Loy, W. C. Turner.

Dreher—Charles Hazelton. Honesdale—H. J. Conger. Hawley—Joseph Baschon, Sr. R. W. Murphy. Manchester—John Hughes, Mat. Morigridge.

Mt. Pleasant—Ray F. Wheeler. Oregon—Claus Brill. Palmyra—George Kehr. Prompton—A. B. Wood. Starrucca—A. W. Larrabee. Salem—Philip Krieger, E. B. Hollister.

South Canaan—J. F. Gleason. Sterling—Charles Smith. Texas—Frank Bunnell, D. E. Foley.

TRAVERSE JURORS. Berlin—Wm. Daniels, W. C. Spry. Bethany—W. O. Avery. Canaan—Clarence Weed. Cherry Ridge—E. E. Kinsman, Philip Reining.

Dyberry—Chas. H. Bellamy, Cory Faatz, F. H. Thompson. Damascus—George Knapp, J. M. Pollock.

Dreher—Herman Friebale. Honesdale—E. C. Clark, Thomas Flynn, Fred Schimmell, Walter Bayley, W. F. Pearce, Geo. A. Miller. Hawley—Theo. Wall, N. P. Atkinson, George Blossom, W. A. Gregg. Lebanon—William Yale, Samuel Wilmarth.

Lake—George Franc, James Lesher, E. P. Jones. Lehigh—Frank Murphy. Mt. Pleasant—G. E. Moase, Jno. Perham. Preston—J. N. Fletcher, A. W. Lakin. Paupack—Fred Brutsche, Francis Waterson. Palmyra—Paul Williams. Starrucca—S. S. Callander. Salem—J. W. Bidwell. South Canaan—Edward Baker. Scott—F. A. Curtis, Augustus Waldier. Sterling—J. J. Simons, S. N. Cross. Texas—Herbert H. Hiller, Patrick Lynott, Calvin Bunnell, W. H. Sherwood, Frank Lesh. Waymart—Luther Bryant.

ROLL of HONOR

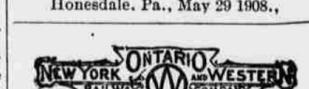
Attention is called to the STRENGTH of the

Wayne County SAVINGS BANK

The FINANCIER of New York City has published a ROLL OF HONOR of the 11,470 State Banks and Trust Companies of United States. In this list the WAYNE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK

Stands 38th in the United States Stands 10th in Pennsylvania. Stands FIRST in Wayne County.

Capital, Surplus, \$455,000.00 Total ASSETS, \$2,733,000.00 Honesdale, Pa., May 29 1908.



Time Table in Effect June 20th, 1909.

SCRANTON DIVISION

Table with columns for Stations, Miles, and Times. Includes stations like Scranton, N. York, and various intermediate stops.

Additional trains leave Scranton for Honesdale Yard at 6.50 a. m. daily, and 8.30 p. m. daily except Sunday. Additional trains leave Honesdale Yard for Scranton at 8.30 a. m. daily and 9.30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

J. C. ANDERSON, Traffic Manager. J. E. WELSH, Traveling Agent. 60 Beaver St., New York. Scranton, Pa.

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